warding a song, seeking through a menu and the like. In most cases, the button functions are implemented via a mechanical clicking action. The position of the buttons 112 relative to the rotational input device 110 may be widely varied. For example, they may be adjacent to one another or spaced apart. In the illustrated embodiment, the buttons 112 are configured to surround the inner and outer perimeter of the rotational input device 110. In this manner, the buttons 112 may provide tangible surfaces that define the outer boundaries of the rotational input device 110. As shown, there are four buttons 112A that surround the outer perimeter and one button 112B disposed in the center or middle of the rotational input device 110. By way of example, the plurality of buttons 112 may consist of a menu button, play/stop button, forward seek button, reverse seek button, and the like.

[0038] Moreover, the media player 100 may also include a power switch 114, a headphone jack 116 and a data port 118. The power switch 114 is configured to turn the media device 100 on and off. The headphone jack 116 is capable of receiving a headphone connector associated with headphones configured for listening to sound being outputted by the media device 100. The data port 118 is capable of receiving a data connector/cable assembly configured for transmitting and receiving data to and from a host device, such as a general purpose computer. By way of example, the data port 118 may be used to upload or download songs to and from the media device 100. The data port 118 may be widely varied. For example, the data port may be a PS/2 port, a serial port, a parallel port, a USB port, a FireWire port, and the like. In some cases, the data port 118 may be a radio frequency (RF) link or optical infrared (IR) link to eliminate the need for a cable. Although not shown in FIG. 1, the media player 100 may also include a power port that receives a power connector/cable assembly configured for delivering power to the media player 100. In some cases, the data port 118 may serve as both a data and a power port.

[0039] FIG. 2A is a block diagram of a media player 200 according to one embodiment of the invention. The media player 200 can, for example, represent internal components of the media player 100.

[0040] The media player 200 includes a processor 202 that pertains to a microprocessor or controller for controlling the overall operation of the media player 200. The media player 200 stores media data pertaining to media items in a file system 204 and a cache 206. The file system 204 is, typically, a storage disk or a plurality of disks. The file system typically provides high capacity storage capability for the media player 200. However, since the access time to the file system 204 is relatively slow, the media player 200 also includes a cache 206. The cache 206 is, for example, Random-Access Memory (RAM) provided by semiconductor memory. The relative access time to the cache 206 is substantially shorter than for the file system 204. However, the cache 206 does not have the large storage capacity of the file system 204. Further, the file system 204, when active, consumes more power than does the cache 206. The power consumption is particularly important when the media player 200 is a portable media player that is powered by a battery (not shown).

[0041] The media player 200 also includes a user input device 208 that allows a user of the media player 200 to

interact with the media player 200. For example, the user input device 208 can take a variety of forms, such as a button, keypad, dial, etc. Still further, the media player 200 includes a display 210 (screen display) that can be controlled by the processor 202 to display information to the user. A data bus 211 can facilitate data transfer between at least the file system 204, the cache 206, the processor 202, and the coder/decoder (CODEC) 212. The media player 200 can also include an audio feedback unit (not shown) to provide audio feedback for user interactions (such as with the user input device 208).

[0042] In one embodiment, the media player 200 serves to store a plurality of media items (e.g., songs) in the file system 204. When a user desires to have the media player play a particular media item, a list of available media items is displayed on the display 210. Then, using the user input device 208, a user can select one of the available media items. The processor 202, upon receiving a selection of a particular media item, supplies the media data (e.g., audio file) for the particular media item to a coder/decoder (CODEC) 212. The CODEC 212 then produces analog output signals for a speaker 214. The speaker 214 can be a speaker internal to the media player 200 or external to the media player 200 would be considered an external speaker.

[0043] FIG. 2B is a block diagram of a computing system 250 according to one embodiment of the invention. The computing system 250 can, for example, represent a portion of any of the computer system 50 shown in FIG. 1A, the media player 100 shown in FIG. 1B, or the media player 200 shown in FIG. 2A.

[0044] The computing system 250 includes a housing 252 that exposes a rotational input device 254. The housing 252 can be a computer's housing or an input/output device's housing. The rotational input device 254 permits a user to interact with the computing system 250 through a rotational action. The rotational action results from either rotation of the rotational input device 254 itself or rotation of a stylus or user's finger about the rotational input device 254. As examples, the rotational input device 254 can be a rotary dial (including, e.g., a navigational wheel or a scroll wheel) capable of being rotated or a touch pad capable of rotational sensing. A rotation pickup unit 256 couples to the rotational input device 254 to sense the rotational action. For example, the rotational pickup unit 256 can be optically or electrically coupled to the rotational input device 254.

[0045] The computing system 250 further includes a processor 258, a display 260 and an audio feedback unit 262. Signals pertaining to the rotational action are supplied to the processor 258. The processor 258 not only performs processing operations for application programs hosted by the computing system 250 but also can control the display 260 and the audio feedback unit 262. Alternatively, a specialized controller or other circuitry can support the processor 258 in controlling the display 260 or the audio feedback unit 262.

[0046] The processor 258 causes a display screen to be produced on the display 260. In one implementation, the display screen includes a selectable list of items (e.g., media items) from which a user may select one or more of the items. By the user providing a rotational action with respect to the rotational input device 254, the list can be scrolled